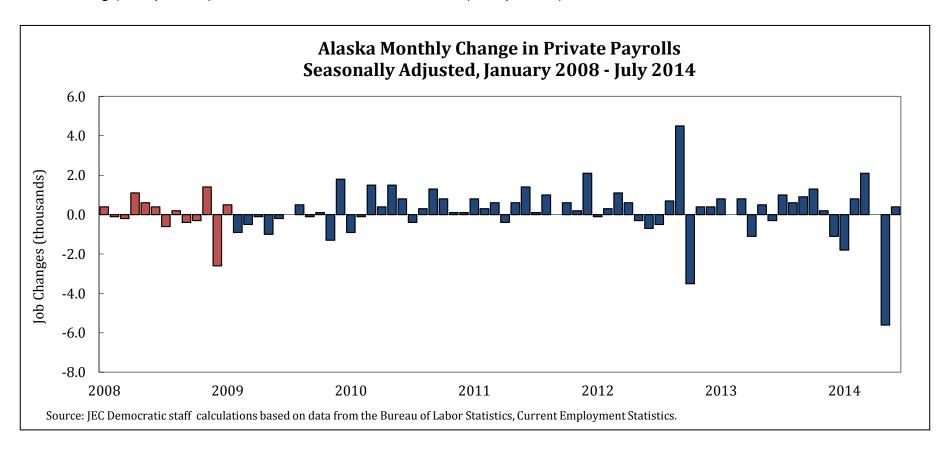
## **ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: ALASKA**

\*\*Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through July 2014\*\*

#### **JOBS**

- In July, private-sector employment in Alaska grew by 400 jobs. Over the past year, the Alaska private sector has lost 1,200 jobs. This compares with an increase of 2,700 jobs over the 12 months ending in July 2013.
- Alaska private-sector employers have added 16,000 jobs (an increase of 6.8 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Alaska, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: education and health services (5,000 jobs), mining and logging (4,000 jobs) and trade, transportation and utilities (3,300 jobs).
- The Alaska sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: mining and logging (27.2 percent), manufacturing (16.5 percent) and education and health services (12.1 percent).



#### UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Alaska was 6.5 percent in July 2014, up 0.1 percentage point from June. The rate is down 0.2 percentage point from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 8.2 percent in February 2010.
- 24,000 Alaska residents were unemployed during July 2014, down from a recent high of 29,400 in February 2010. There are still 2,100 more people unemployed in Alaska than when the recession began.
- In Alaska, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 6,083 during June, down 4.8 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 6.5 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

### **EXPORTS**

- In Alaska, exports totaled \$182 million in June and \$4.6 billion over the past year, up 2.7 percent from the 12 months ending in June 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Alaska exports over the past 12 months are up 17.5 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflationadjusted dollars).

#### Housing

- Home prices in Alaska increased by 0.7 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 5.5 percent since their recent low in the first quarter of 2010 and are now 2.5 percent above their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Alaska totaled 1,020 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in June 2014, a decrease of 20.9 percent from May.
- Within the West census region, which includes Alaska, sales of new single-family homes totaled 106,000 units in June 2014, a decrease of 1.9 percent from May. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 3.1 percent to 990,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from May to June 2014.

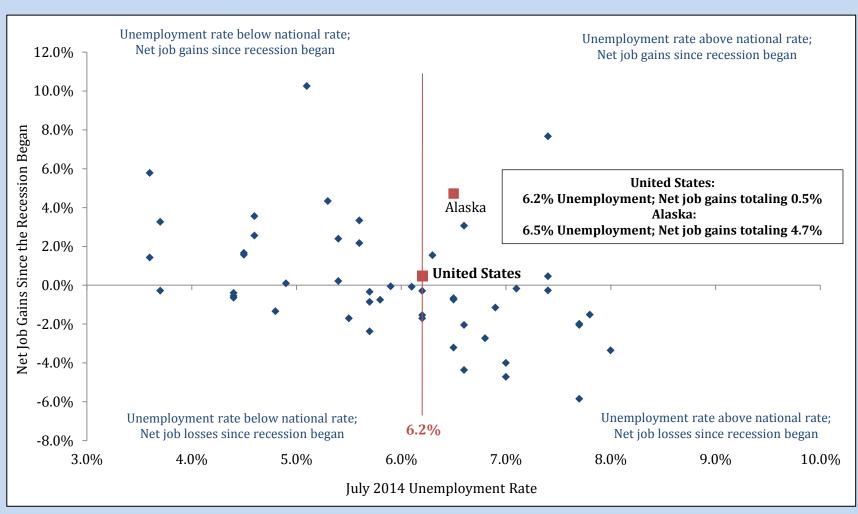
<sup>\*</sup> For Alaska-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Alaska office: http://almis.labor.state.ak.us/

# How Does Alaska Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Alaska to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Alaska, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.8% and net job gains totaling 28.5% since the start of the recession.

	STATE QUICK FACTS		
		Alaska	<b>United States</b>
Unemployment Rates	. July 2014	6.5%	6.2%
	July 2013	6.7%	7.3%
	July 2012	7.1%	8.2%
	July 2011	7.6%	9.0%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	. 2013	14.7%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	5.1%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	7.2%	9.0%
Median Household Income	.2012	\$ 63,648	\$ 51,017
(2012 \$)	2007	\$ 69,758	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	10.0%	15.0%
	2007	7.6%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	.2012	19.0%	15.4%
	2007	17.6%	14.7%